

| | ASEAN Member States, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Land area (Sqkm) | Population (000) | Population density (persons per Sqkm) | Sex ratio (males per 100 females) ¹ | Population below 5 years (000) ¹ | Population 65 years and over (000) ¹ | Population 15-29 years (000) ¹ | Urban population (%) ² | Population living below national poverty line (%) ³ 2021 | Unemployment rate (%) ⁴ | Adult literacy rate (%)⁵ | Pupil-teacher ratio in primary school (%) ⁶ 2021 | unto /laiutha | live hirths) ⁷ | v Life expectancy (years) ⁸ |
| Brunei Darussalam | 5,270.0 | 445.4 | 84.5 | 111.7 | 29.7 | 28.7 | 110.4 | 78.3 | n.a | 5.2 | 96.5 | 9.9 | 15.3 | 5.9 | 76.4 |
| Cambodia | 176,520.0 | 16,843.3 | 95.4 | 95.4 | 1,528.4 | 1,067.7 | 4,337.5 | 39.2 | 17.8 | 1.0 | 84.7 | 45.1 | 21.3 | 12.0 | 73.3 |
| Indonesia | 1,877,519.0 | 275,719.9 | 146.9 | 102.2 | 22,368.5 | 18,456.8 | 67,070.3 | 56.6 | 10.1 | 5.9 | 96. <mark>4</mark> | 15.0 | 16.3 | 17.2 | 71.9 |
| Lao PDR | 230,800.0 | 7,442.8 | 32.2 | 100.4 | 753.2 | 347.5 | 2,072.2 | 36.3 | 18.3 | 2.4 | 95.2 | 22.3 | 21.5 | 48.1 | 67.0 |
| Malaysia | 328,550.0 | 32,698.1 | 99.4 | 108.8 | 2,374.1 | 2,363.7 | 8,529.7 | 77.2 | 8.4 | 3.9 | 95.7 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 6.1 | 73.4 |
| Myanmar | 652,670.0 | 55,770.2 | 85.4 | 91.6 | 4,984.5 | 3,916.2 | 14,212.2 | 30.2 | 24.8 | 0.5 | 89.1 | <mark>21</mark> .0 | 17.8 | 36.5 | 67.1 |
| Philippines | 298,170.0 | 111,572.3 | 374.2 | 101.9 | 11,108.1 | 6,66 <mark>6.2</mark> | 29,538.8 | 47.4 | 18.1 | 5.4 | 96.3 | 26.6 | 12.4 | 21.0 | 72.7 |
| Singapore | 733.2 | 5,637.0 | 7,688.2 | 95.5 | 178.1 | 67 <mark>8.1</mark> | 720.1 | 100.0 | n.a | 2.8 | 97.6 | 13.9 | 8.6 | 1.8 | 83.0 |
| Thailand | 510,890.0 | 66,090.0 | 129.4 | 93.1 | 3,425.9 | 8,54 <mark>6.1</mark> | 13,072.5 | 51.4 | 6.8 | 1.3 | 93.8 | 14.4 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 76.2 |
| Viet Nam | 313,429.0 | 99,461.7 | 317.3 | 99.5 | 7,561.6 | 8,229.5 | 21,042.5 | 37.6 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 96.1 | 23.1 | 15.7 | 13.6 | 73.6 |

| ASEAN, 2022 | | |
|---|---------|---|
| Land area (million sqkm) | 4.4 | |
| Population (million) | 671.6 | Unemployment rate (%) |
| Population density (persons per sqkm) | 152.6 | |
| Population as % world population | 8.4 | |
| ASEAN+3 population (million) | 2,273.3 | |
| ASEAN+3 population as % world population | 28.5 | |
| ASEAN+6 population (million) | 3,721.8 | |
| ASEAN+6 population as % world population | 46.7 | |
| Sex ratio (males per 100 females) | 100.0 | 4.5 45 |
| Population below 5 years (million) | 54.3 | 4 .5 4.4 4.3 |
| Population 65 years and over (million) | 50.3 | 4.1 3.9 3.8 |
| Population 15-29 years (million) | 160.7 | |
| Urban population (%) | 50.3 | 3.8 |
| Population living below poverty national line (%), 2021 | 13.3 | |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 4.1 | |
| Adult literacy rate (%) | 95.1 | |
| Pupil-teacher ratio in primary school (%), 2021 | 18.2 | |
| Crude birth rate (births per 1000 population), 2021 | 14.9 | 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 |
| Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births), 2021 | 17.9 | |
| Life expectancy (years) | 72.2 | |
| | | |

Notes:

- (...) : indicates minus or decrease
- ASEAN +3 covers ASEAN, China, Japan and Republic of Korea
- ASEAN +6 covers ASEAN +3, Australia, India and New Zealand
- 1. Singapore refers to the resident population

- 4. The latest available data for Myanmar is 2019

ASEAN population is nearly 9% of the World's population.



2. Data is taken from UN DESA for Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Philippines, and Thailand; Singapore is a city-state, thus the whole population is considered living in urban area 3. The indicator is not applicable to Brunei Darussalam and Singapore; The latest available data for Cambodia, Malaysia, and Thailand is 2020, Lao PDR is 2018, Myanmar is 2017; Data for Malaysia refers to households living below the national poverty line while Viet Nam refer to Multidimensional Poverty Rate

Almost half

of ASEAN population were below 30 years

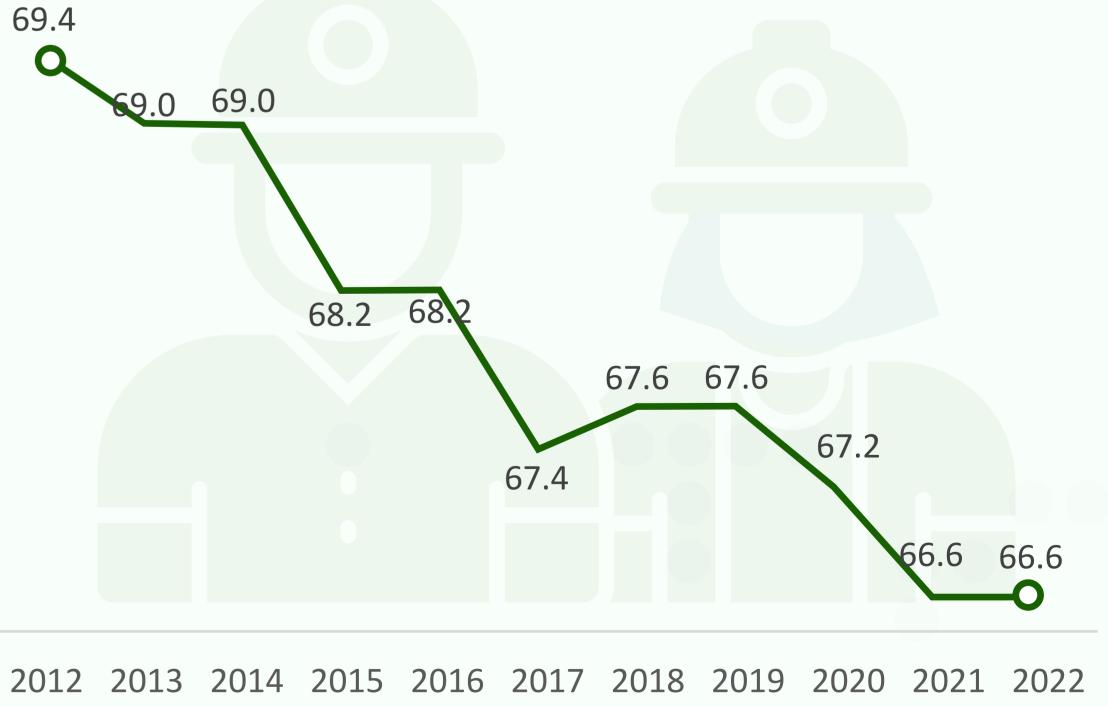
of age in 2022.

urbanisation with **half** of the

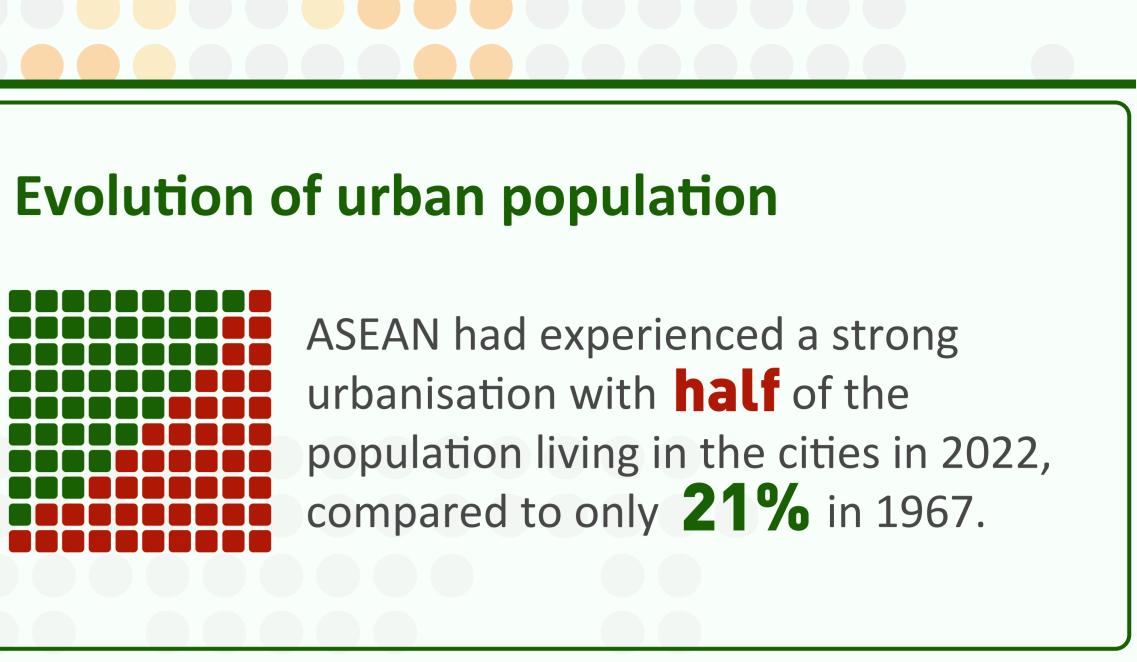
Labour, 2012-2022

Labour force participation rate, both sexes (%)





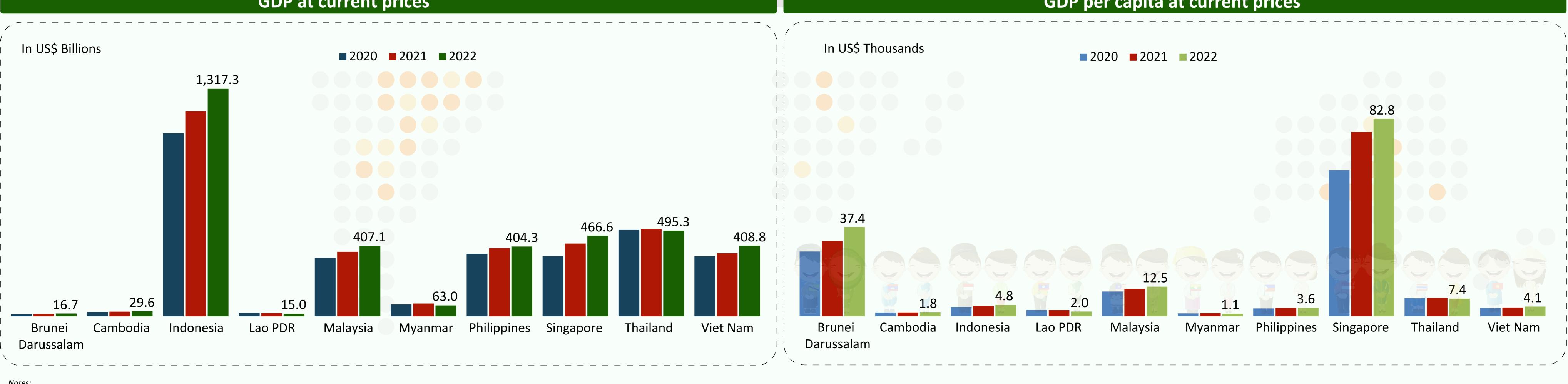
- 5. The latest available data for Brunei Darussalam, Lao PDR, and Singapore is 2021, Myanmar and Philippines is 2019, Thailand is 2018; Data for Brunei Darussalam refers to population aged 10 years and above.
- 6. The latest available data for Myanmar, Philippines, and Singapore is 2020
- 7. The latest available data for Philippines is 2017
- 8. The latest available data for Lao PDR is 2021, Thailand is 2020, Philippines is 2015





| ASEAN, 2022 | | ASI | EAN Member | r States, 2022 | | | ASEAN GDP growth rates, | |
|--|---------|-------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|---|
| GDP at current prices (US\$ trillion) GDP as % of world GDP (Nominal) | 3.6 | | GDP at current prices (US\$ million) | GDP per capita (US\$) | GDP growth rate at constant prices (%) | Share of services sector in GDP (%) | Inflation rate (%) | In percent 6.1 5.8 |
| | 3.6 | Brunei Darussalam | 16,678.4 | 37,445.9 | (1.6) | 32.5 | 3.7 | 5.0 5.1 4.8 5.1 5.4 |
| GDP per capita (US\$) | 5,395.3 | Cambodia | 29,610.9 | 1,758.0 | 4.8 | 33.9 | 5.3 | 3 5 |
| Share of services sector in GDP (%) | 49.2 | Indonesia | 1,317,259.3 | 4,777.5 | 5.3 | 41.8 | 4.2 | |
| Growth rate of GDP at constant prices (%) | 5.7 | Lao PDR | 15,049.2 | 2,022.0 | 4.4 | 37.0 | 23.0 | |
| | | Malaysia | 407,085.2 | 12,467.5 | 8.7 | 50.9 | 3.4 | |
| ASEAN+3 GDP (US\$ trillion) | 24.0 | Myanmar | 62,990.9 | 1,129.5 | 3.5 | 39.5 | 16.0 | |
| ASEAN+3 GDP as % of world GDP (Nominal) | 27.6 | Philippines | 404,284.2 | <mark>3</mark> ,623.5 | 7.6 | 61.2 | 5.8 | 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2 |
| | | Singapore | 466,602.4 | 82,794.6 | 3.6 | 70.9 | 6.1 | |
| ASEAN+6 GDP (US\$ trillion) | 29.3 | Thailand | 495,301.9 | 7,494.4 | 2.6 | 56.2 | 6.1 | |
| ASEAN+6 GDP as % of world GDP (Nominal) | 32.9 | Viet Nam | 408,804.4 | 4,110.2 | 8.0 | 41.3 | 3.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

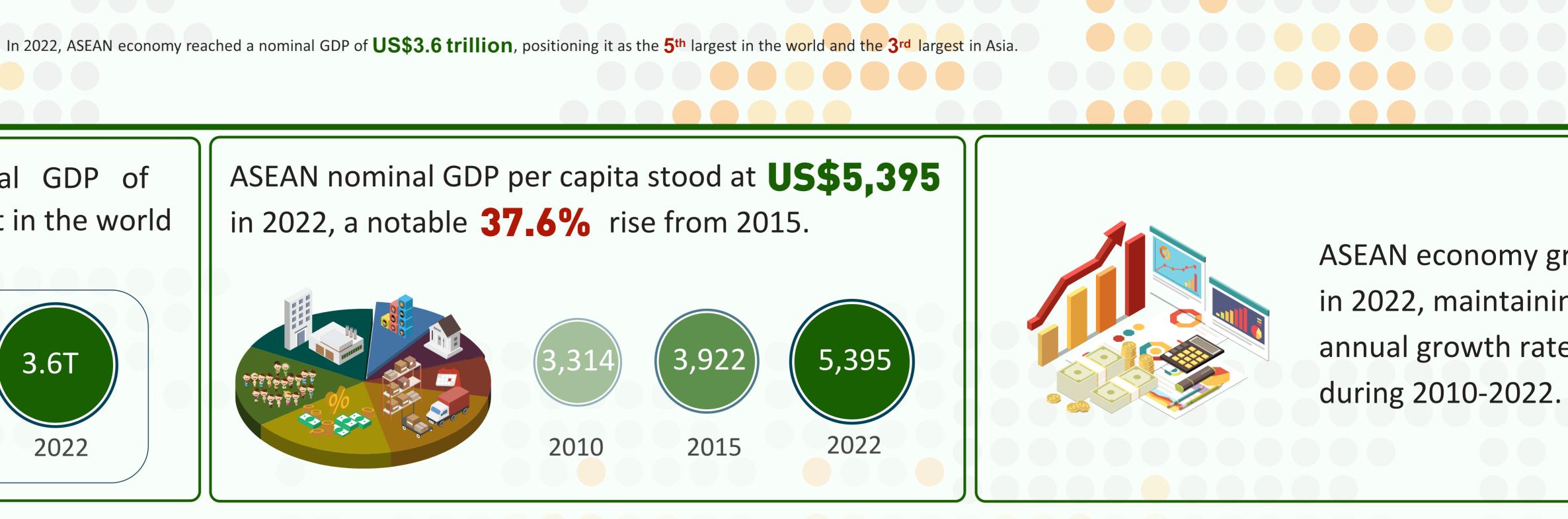
GDP at current prices



Notes:

- ASEAN +3 covers ASEAN, China, Japan and Republic of Korea

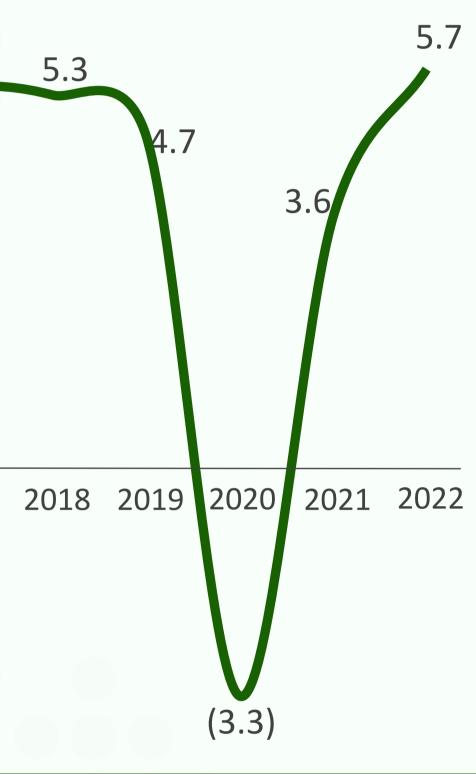
- ASEAN +6 covers ASEAN +3, Australia, New Zealand, and India - GDP data as of August 2023



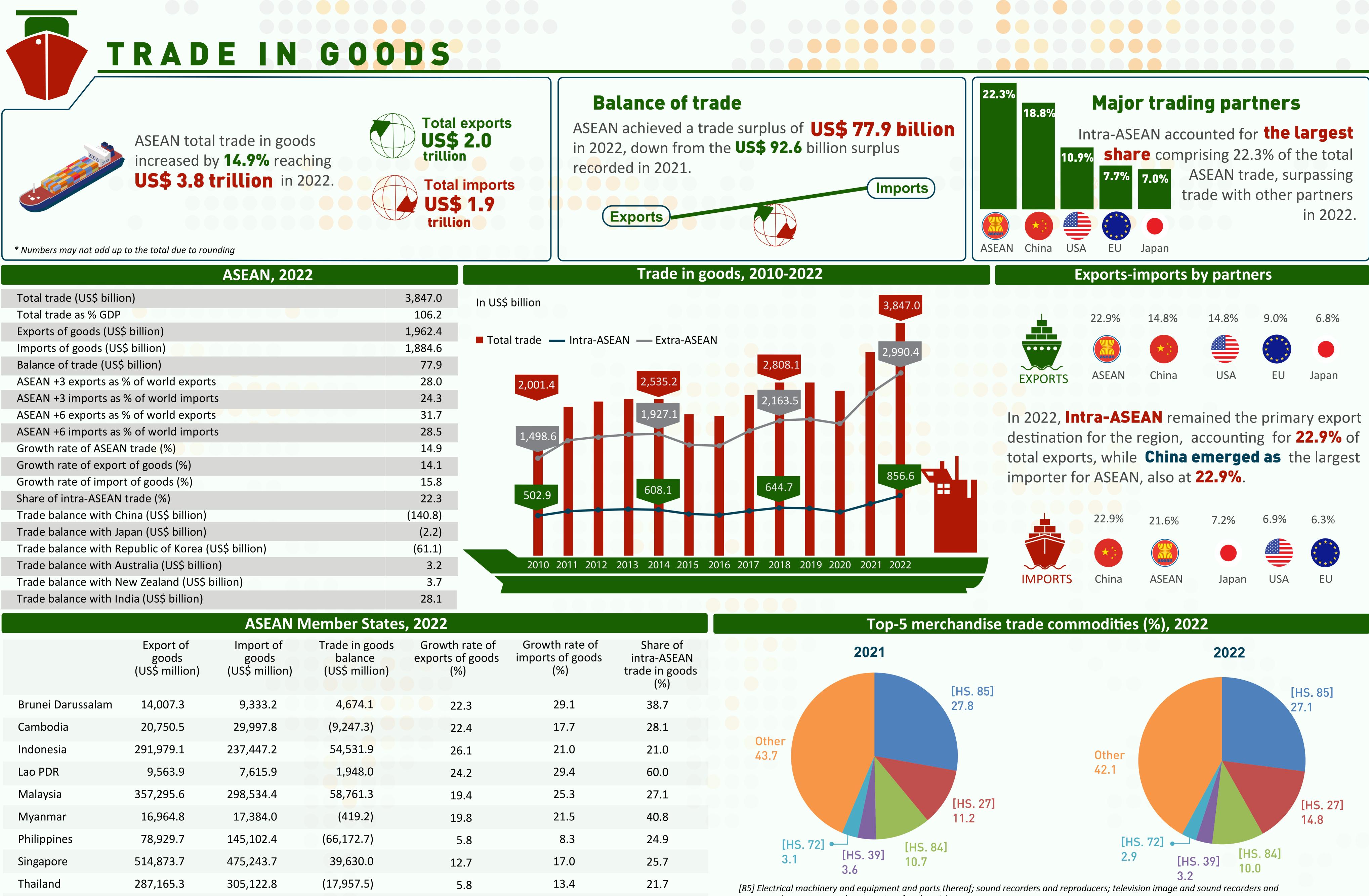
GDP per capita at current prices

ASEAN economy grew by **5.7%** in 2022, maintaining an average annual growth rate of 4.4%

, 2010-2022



^{- (...) :} indicates minus or decrease



| ASEAN, 2022 |
|---|
| Total trade (US\$ billion) |
| Total trade as % GDP |
| Exports of goods (US\$ billion) |
| Imports of goods (US\$ billion) 🦳 🦲 |
| Balance of trade (US\$ billion) |
| ASEAN +3 exports as % of world exports |
| ASEAN +3 imports as % of world imports |
| ASEAN +6 exports as % of world exports |
| ASEAN +6 imports as % of world imports |
| Growth rate of ASEAN trade (%) |
| Growth rate of export of goods (%) |
| Growth rate of import of goods (%) |
| Share of intra-ASEAN trade (%) |
| Trade balance with China (US\$ billion) |
| Trade balance with Japan (US\$ billion) |
| Trade balance with Republic of Korea (US\$ billion) |
| Trade balance with Australia (US\$ billion) |
| Trade balance with New Zealand (US\$ billion) |
| Trade balance with India (US\$ billion) |

| | | ASEAN N | /lember States |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | Export of goods (US\$ million) | Import of goods (US\$ million) | Trade in goods balance (US\$ million) |
| Brunei Darussalam | 14,007.3 | 9,333.2 | 4 <mark>,674.1</mark> |
| Cambodia | 20,750.5 | 29,997.8 | (9,247.3) |
| Indonesia | 291,979.1 | 237,447.2 | 54,531.9 |
| Lao PDR | 9,563.9 | 7,615.9 | 1,948.0 |
| Malaysia | 357,295.6 | 298,534.4 | 58,761.3 |
| Myanmar | 16,964.8 | 17,384.0 | (419.2) |
| Philippines | 78,929.7 | 145,102.4 | (66,172.7) |
| Singapore | 514,873.7 | 475,243.7 | 39,630.0 |
| Thailand | 287,165.3 | 305,122.8 | (17,957.5) |
| Viet Nam | 370,909.2 | 358,788.8 | 12,120.3 |
| | | | |

Notes: -(...) : indicates minus or decrease

-ASEAN +3 covers ASEAN, China, Japan and Republic of Korea

-ASEAN +6 covers ASEAN +3, Australia, New Zealand, and India -Trade data as of May 2023

[39] Plastics and articles thereof [72] Iron and steel

8.5

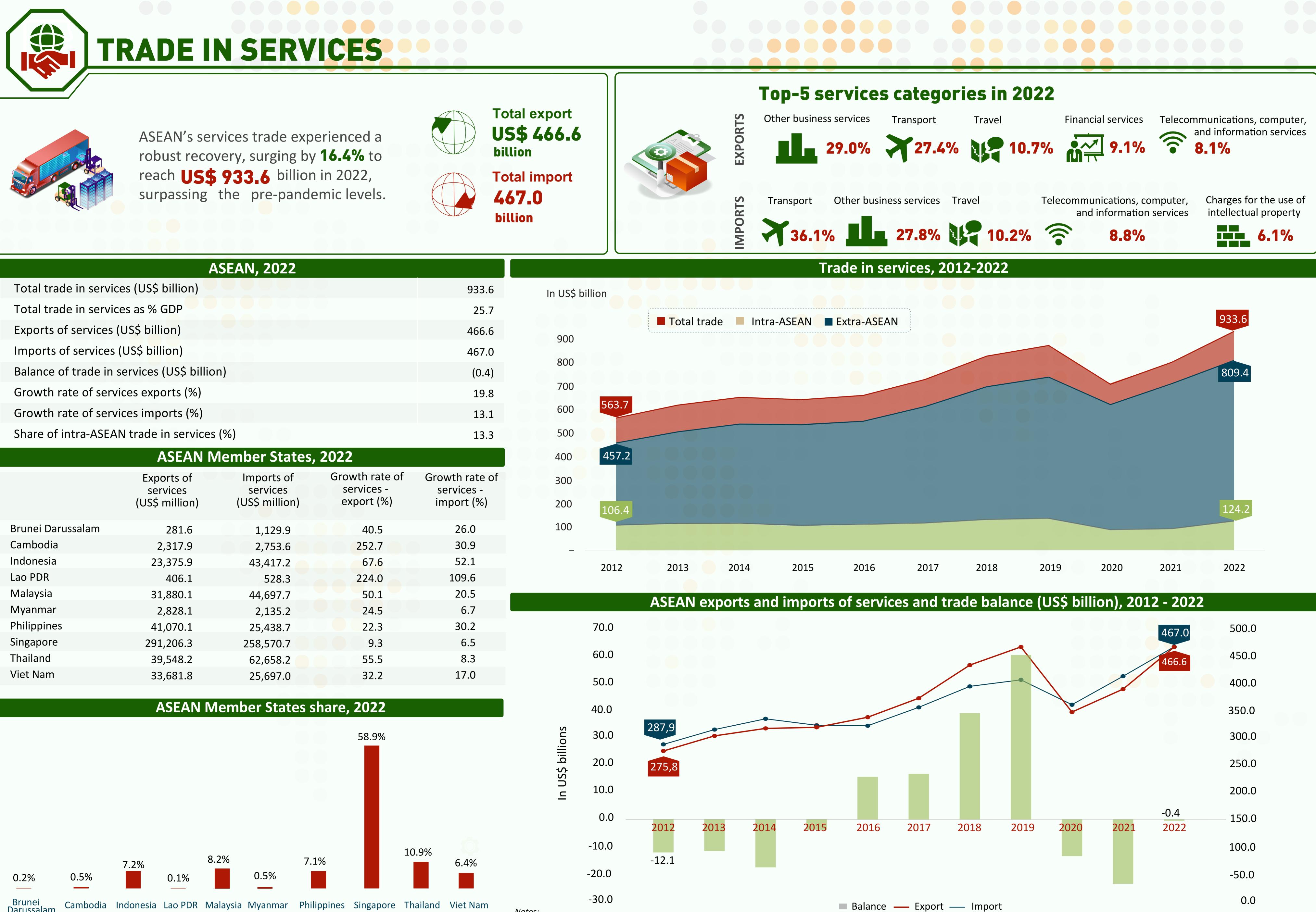
10.5

11.1

reproducers, parts and accessories of such articles

[27] Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes [84] Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof

[71] Natural, cultured pearls; precious, semi-precious stones; precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin

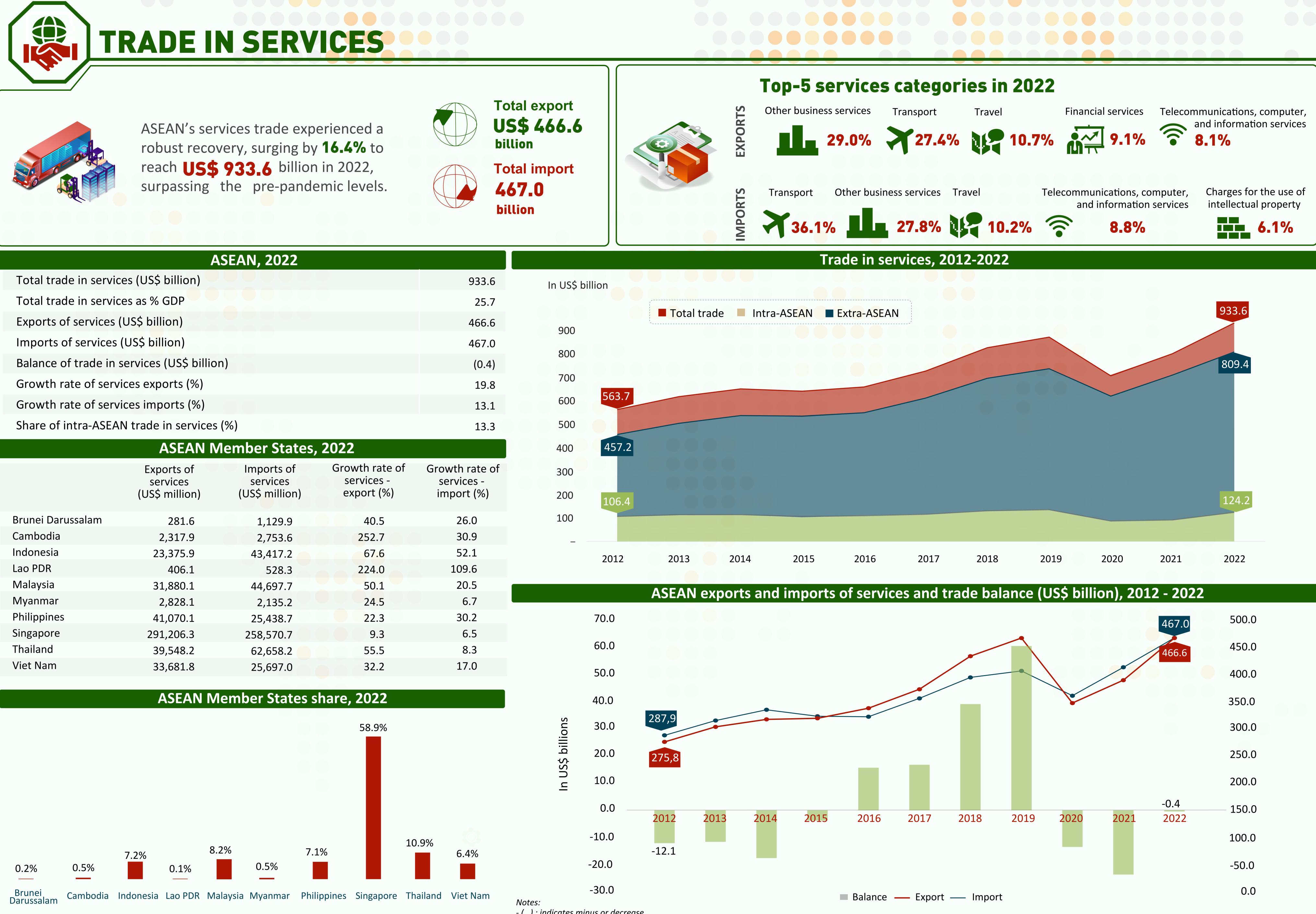




| ASEAN, 2022 |
|---|
| Total trade in services (US\$ billion) |
| Total trade in services as % GDP |
| Exports of services (US\$ billion) |
| Imports of services (US\$ billion) |
| Balance of trade in services (US\$ billion) |
| Growth rate of services exports (%) |
| Growth rate of services imports (%) |
| |

| Share of intra-ASEAN trade in services (%) | Share | of intra- | ASEAN | trade | in | services | (%) |
|--|-------|-----------|-------|-------|----|----------|-----|
|--|-------|-----------|-------|-------|----|----------|-----|

| | | ASEAN N | Member States, | 2022 |
|---|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | Exports of services (US\$ million) | Imports of services (US\$ million) | Growth rat services export (% |
| | Brunei Darussalam | 281.6 | 1,129.9 | 40.5 |
| | Cambodia | 2,317.9 | 2,753.6 | <mark>2</mark> 52.7 |
| | Indonesia | 23,375.9 | 43,417.2 | 67.6 |
| | Lao PDR | 406.1 | 528.3 | 224.0 |
| | Malaysia | 31,880.1 | 44,697.7 | 50.1 |
| l | Myanmar | 2,828.1 | 2,135.2 | 24.5 |
| | Philippines | 41,070.1 | 25,438.7 | 22.3 |
| | Singapore | 291,206.3 | 258,570.7 | 9.3 |
| - | Thailand | 39,548.2 | 62,658.2 | 55.5 |
| | Viet Nam | 33,681.8 | 25,697.0 | 32.2 |
| | | | | |



- (...) : indicates minus or decrease - Trade data as of October 2022

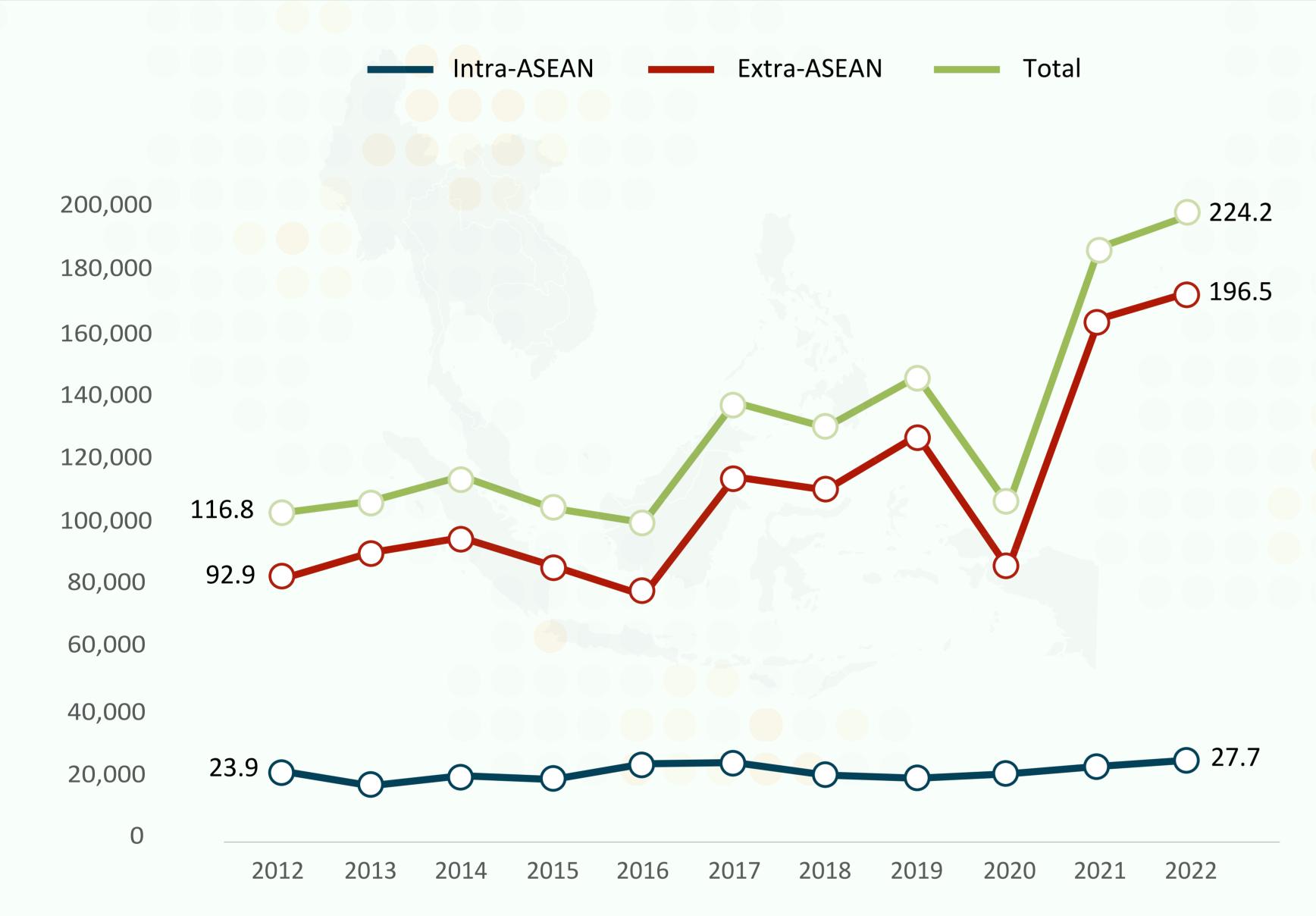
| - 2022 | | |
|--------------|-------|--|
| 467.0 | 500.0 | |
| 466.6 | 450.0 | |
| | 400.0 | |
| | 350.0 | |
| | 300.0 | |
| | 250.0 | |
| | 200.0 | |
| -0.4 2022 | 150.0 | |
| | 100.0 | |
| | -50.0 | |
| | 0.0 | |





With a growth of **5**.5%, ASEAN remained an attractive hub for investment in 2022, attracting US\$ 224.2 billion in foreign direct investment (FDI).

Inward flows of FDI, extra and intra-ASEAN, 2012-2022



ASEAN Member States, 2022

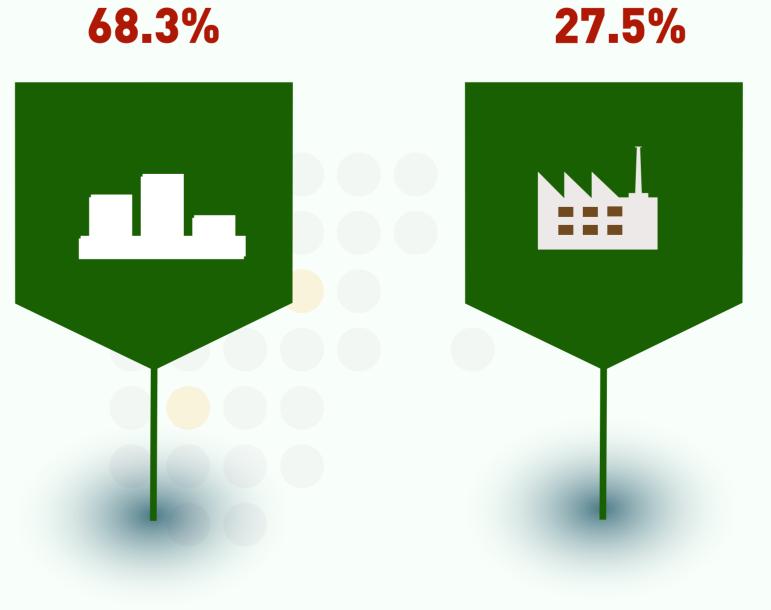
| | Total FDI inward flows (US\$ million) | Rate of growth of FDI inflows (%) | Share of intra-ASEAN FDI (%) |
|-------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Brunei Darussalam | (284.4) | (238.9) | (29.0) |
| Cambodia | 3,578.8 | 2.7 | 13.7 |
| Indonesia | 21,968.2 | 4.0 | 33.3 |
| Lao PDR | 635.8 | (40.7) | 25.4 |
| Malaysia | 17,095.8 | 40.8 | 18.7 |
| Myanmar | 2,980.9 | 196.6 | 50.2 |
| Philippines | 9,199.9 | (23.2) | 6.6 |
| Singapore | 141,187.2 | 7.7 | 4.4 |
| Thailand | 9,939.6 | (32.1) | 37.0 |
| Viet Nam | 17,899.9 | 14.3 | 25.0 |

Total FDI inward flows (US\$billion) Rate of growth of FDI inward flows (%) Share of intra-ASEAN FDI (%)

 16.3°

USA

Flows of inward direct investment to ASEAN by economic activity, 2022

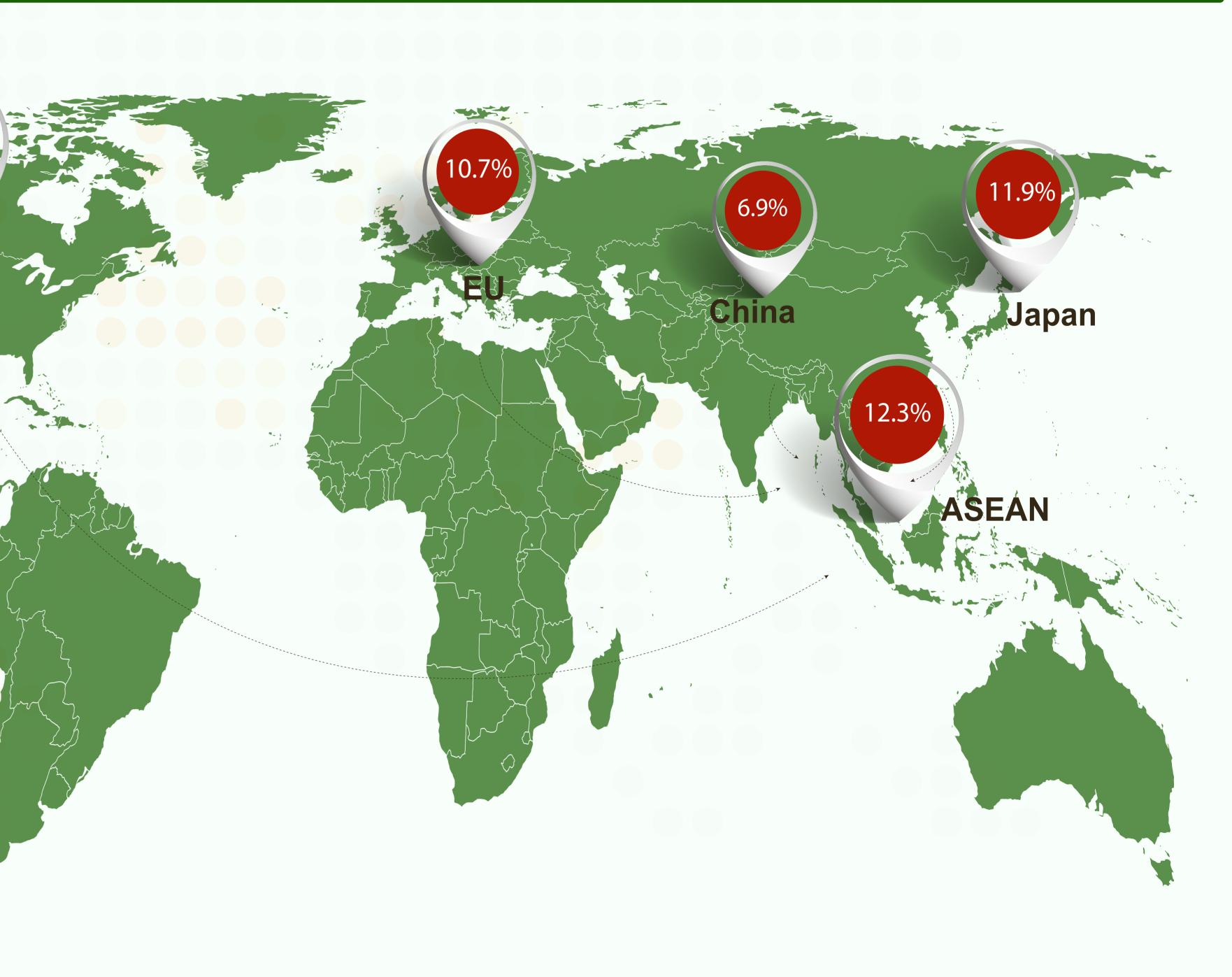


Services

Notes: -(...) : indicates minus or decrease -Foreign Direct Investment as of July 2022 * Primary consists of Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, and Mining and quarrying

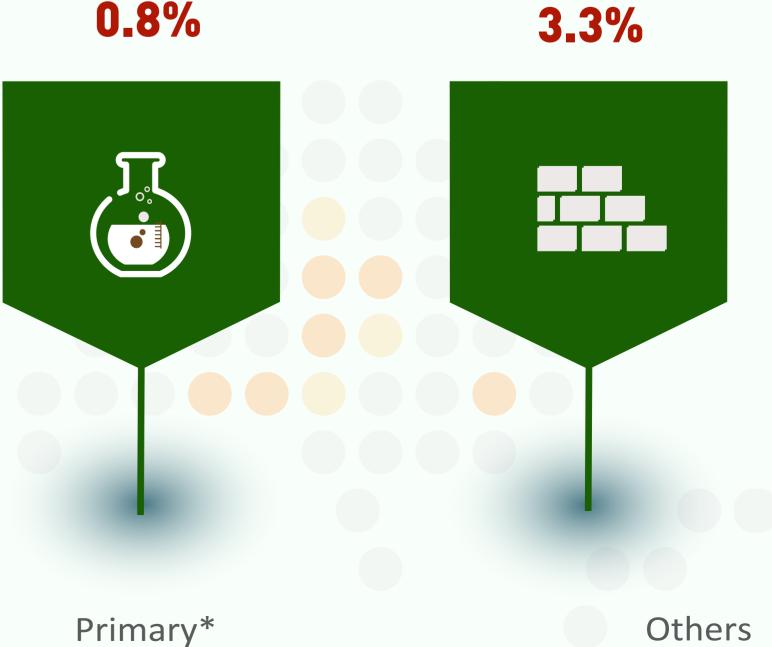
ASEAN, 2022

Top-5 FDI sources, 2022



Manufacturing

0.8%



| 224.2 | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| 5.5 | | | |
| 12.3 | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |





In 2022, internet subscription in ASEAN rose to 74.3 out of every 100 individuals, up from **66.6** in 2021.

| ASEAN, 2022 | | | | | ļ | ASEAN Mem | nber States, 2 | 2022 | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Visitor arrivals (million) | 13.2 | Visitor | | Share of | | | r Share of visitor | | | U | Paved roads | | International |
| Rate of growth of visitor arrivals (%) | 53.6 | arrivals (000) | • | intra-ASEAN als visitor arrivals | arrivals from +3 countries | arrivals from USA | arrivals from EU | subscribers per 100 | phone user per 100 | (km)1 | (km)² | vehicles per 1000 | air passenger traffic |
| Share of intra-ASEAN visitor arrivals (<mark>%) Charles of Contra-ASEAN visitor arrivals (%) Charles of Contra-ASEAN</mark> | 9.7 | (000) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | persons | persons | | | population ¹ | $(000)^3$ |
| Share of visitor arrivals from +3 countries (%) | 10.5 | | | | | | | | \mathbf{O} | | | | (, |
| Share of visitor arrivals from USA (%) | 4.6 Brunei Darussalam | ח 35.7 | 907.6 | 60.1 | 6.4 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 98.1 | 117.8 | <mark>3,1</mark> 02.6 | 2,896.0 | 1,066.5 | 554.0 |
| Share of visitor arrivals from EU (%) | 7.2 Cambodia | 2,276.6 | 1,058.6 | 70.4 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 60.2 | 116.3 | 67,715.0 | 15,438.0 | 33.0 | 2,278.0 |
| Internet subscribers per 100 persons | 74.3 Indonesia | 5,471.3 | 251.3 | 38.7 | 6.2 | 3.1 | 11.3 | 66.5 | 114.9 | 549,161.0 | 366,301.0 | 454.8 | 12,564 |
| Cellular phone users per 100 persons 12 | 27.9 Lao PDR | 1,291.6 | n.a | 87.1 | 6.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 62.0 | 65.0 | 59,645.8 | 13,522.8 | 418.7 | 288.9 |
| Road length (million km) | 2.5 Malaysia | 10,071.0 | 7,375.0 | 80.8 | 4.4 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 97.4 | 141.3 | <mark>303,0</mark> 16.2 | 227,941.1 | 1,030.5 | 1,295.7 |
| Paved roads (million km) | 1.1 Myanmar | 233.5 | 78.3 | 10.8 | 15.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 44.0 | 106.7 | 140,251.8 | 46,462.7 | 129.3 | 192.5 |
| Total road vehicles per 1000 population 4,02 | 2.8 Philippines | 2,653.9 | 1,519.4 | 7.1 | 21.4 | 19.0 | 0.0 | 52.7 | 144. <mark>0</mark> | 33,212.0 | 32,767.0 | 52.4 | 2,590.7 |
| International air passenger traffic (million) | 1.8 Singapore | 6,305.7 | 1,810.5 | 44.2 | 7.6 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 96.0 | 156.5 | 3,531.0 | 3,531.0 | 181.2 | 3,053.0 |
| | Thailand | 11,153.0 | 2,506. <mark>6</mark> | 40.6 | 9.9 | 4.1 | 10.9 | 88.0 | 176.3 | 703,594.2 | 409,931.8 | 656.6 | 24,269.9 |
| | Viet Nam | 3,661.2 | 104,506.3 | 25.0 | 34.6 | 8.7 | 7.6 | 78.6 | 140.0 | 639,993.0 | - | 42.8 | 7,232.7 |



Notes:

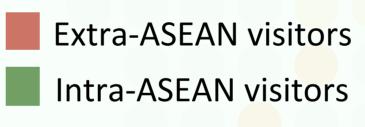
- (...) : indicates minus or decrease
- 1. The latest available data for Malaysia, Philippines, and Singapore are 2021; Viet Nam is 2020
- 2. The latest available data for Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, and Singapore are 2021 3. The latest available data for Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, and Singapore are 2021; Viet Nam is 2020

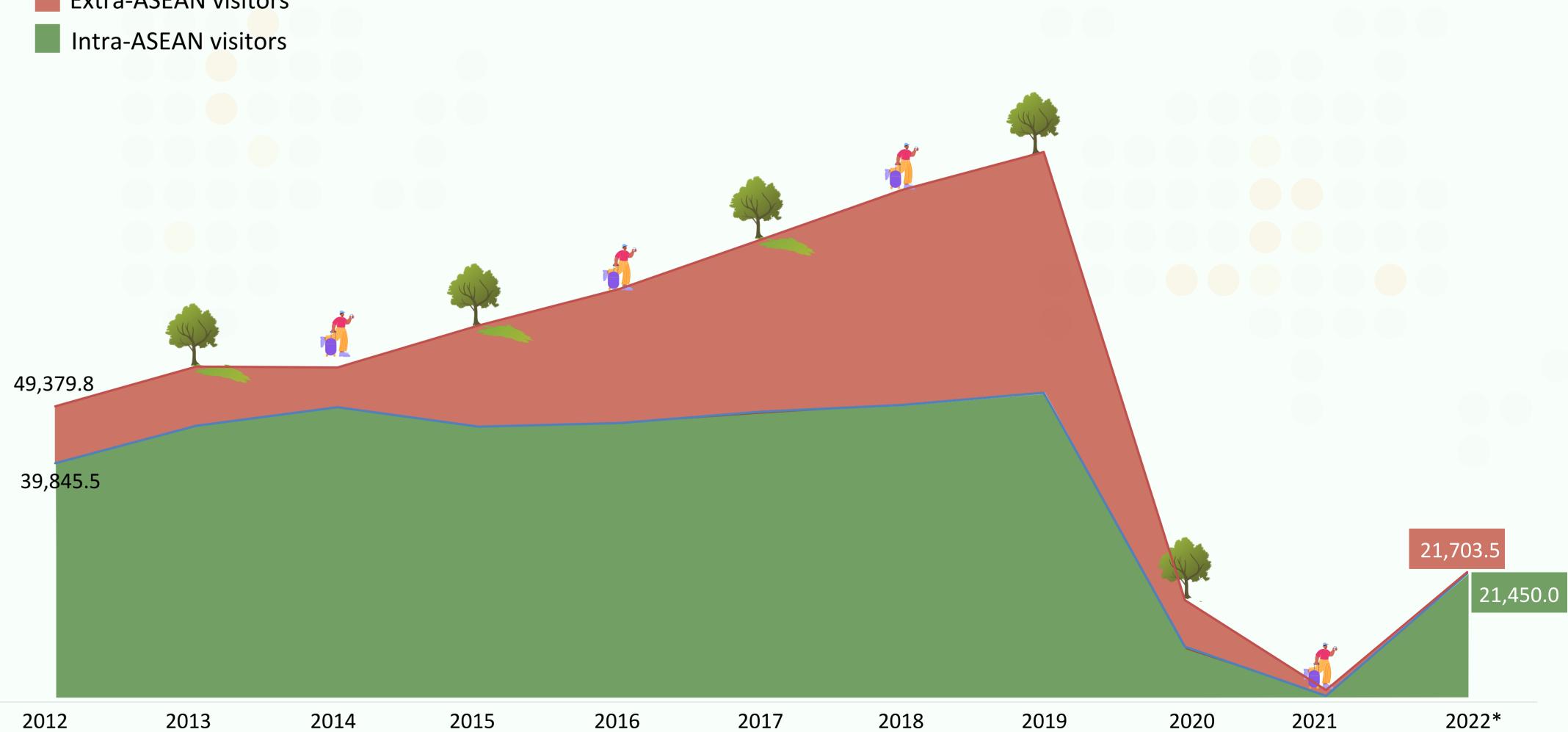


Visitors arrivals, 2022

Visitor arrivals surged from **2.9** million in 2021, to **43.2** million in 2022.

| AS | E |
|----|---|
| | |





* Data is preliminary, data as of 16 August 2023



Intra and extra-ASEAN visitor arrivals (000), 2012-2022

In 2022, ASEAN welcomed **41.8** million international air passengers.

2022*

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) was established on 8 August 1967. The Member States of the Association are Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam. The ASEAN Secretariat is based in Jakarta, Indonesia.

For inquiries, contact: The ASEAN Secretariat Community Relations Division (CRD) 70A Jalan Sisingamangaraja Jakarta 12110 Indonesia Phone: (62 21) 724-3372, 726-2991 Fax :(62 21) 739-8234, 724-3504 E-mail: public@asean.org

Catalogue-in-Publication Data

ASEAN Statistical Highlights 2023 Jakarta: ASEAN Secretariat, September 2023

315.59

- 1. ASEAN Statistics
- 2. Social Indicator Economic Indicator

ASEAN: A Community of Opportunities

The text of this publication may be freely quoted or reprinted, provided proper acknowledgement is given and a copy containing the reprinted material is sent to the Community Relations Division (CRD) of the ASEAN Secretariat, Jakarta





